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From Saturday May 4. to Tuesday May 7. 1734.

Dublin, April 29.

HIS Grace the Lord Lieutenant went this Day in State to the House of Peers, and being seated on the Throne with the usual Ceremony, his Grace sent for the Commons, and gave the Royal Assent to the following Bills.

An Act for continuing and amending an Act, entitled, An Act for the more effectual preventing several Frauds and Abuses committed in his Majesty's Customs and Excise, and for settling the Rates of certain Goods and Merchandizes not particularly valued in the Book of Rates, and for continuing and amending an Act, entitled, An Act for the better securing and collecting his Majesty's Revenue, and also for preventing Frauds in the Collection thereof.

An Act for allowing further Time to Persons in Offices or Employments to qualify themselves, pursuant to an Act, entitled, An Act to prevent the further Growth of Popery.

An Act for the Amendment of the Law in Relation to Popish Solicitors, and for remedying other Mischiefs in Relation to the Practitioners in the several Courts of Law and Equity.

An Act to prevent Persons converted from the Popish to the Protestant Religion, and married to Popish Wives, or educating their Children in the Popish Religion, from acting as Justices of the Peace.

An Act for continuing several temporary Statutes, and for other Purposes therein mentioned.

An Act for the effectual Discovery and Punishment of Deer-Stealers.

An Act to prevent Frauds and Abuses in Bay Yarn exported to Great Britain.

An Act for the further Regulation and Improvement of the Flaxen and Hempen Manufactures.

An Act for the further Encouragement of the Fishery of this Kingdom.

An Act to enable the Commissioners appointed to put in Execution an Act for the Encouragement of Tillage and better Employment

of the Poor, &c. made in the second Year of the Reign of his present Majesty; to increase the Salary of the Stamp-Master in the said Act mentioned; and for encreasing the Salary of the Treasurer of the County of Cork; and also for the better regulating of High Constables; and for the more easy Recovery of publick Money in the Hands of their Executors and Administrators.

An Act to encourage the Home Consumption of Wool, by burying in Woollen only.

An Act for the Relief of Mortgagees, and for making the Process in Courts of Equity more effectual against Mortgagers who abscond and cannot be served therewith; and against Persons, who being served, refuse to appear; and also for better regulating the Payment of the Fees of Attorneys and Solicitors.

An Act for the buying and selling of all sorts of Corn and Meal, and other Things in the said Act mentioned, by Weight, and for the more effectual preventing the Frauds committed in the buying and selling thereof, and for regulating the Price and Assize of Bread, and for better regulating of the Markets.

And to Thirteen Private Bills.

After which his Grace was pleased to make the following Speech.

My Lords and Gentlemen,

Nothing can give me more Satisfaction, than to see this happy Conclusion of a Session of Parliament, which has given so many Instances of Affection and Duty to his Majesty's sacred Person and Government.

His Majesty's paternal Care and tender Concern for the Safety and Happiness of his People, his steady and unwearied Application to protect the Protestant Religion, to preserve the Balance of Power, and to restore the Peace of Europe, have justly gained him the entire Confidence of all his Subjects, and must procure him all possible Returns of Duty and Gratitude.

Though this Session hath been necessarily carried to an unexpected Length, by the Difficulties you have met with in giving an adequate and seasonable Relief to many, who must have greatly suffered without your Interposition,

[Price Two Pence.]

terposition, and whom publick Credit had rendred proper Objects of your Attention: Yet the good Laws which have now received the Royal Assent, fully recompence so long an Attendance, and will be lasting Monuments of the Vigilance and Wisdom of this Parliament.

Gentlemen of the House of Commons,

I am commanded to thank you in his Majesty's Name, for the Supplies you have granted to support the Establishment, and to discharge the Interest of the National Debt.

Your Endeavours to make those Supplies effectual, by Laws to prevent the infamous and destructive Practices of defrauding the Crown, and robbing the Publick, are strong and convincing Proofs of your unalterable Zeal for the Good of your Country, and his Majesty's Service.

My Lords and Gentlemen,

Upon your Return into your several Countries, it will be highly incumbent on you, at a Time when all Europe is in Arms, to preserve the Peace and Safety of the Kingdom, by promoting a perfect Agreement and firm Union among Protestants, and by exerting yourselves to prevent and suppress all Designs against his Majesty's Government.

As I have always had the Interest of this Kingdom at Heart, it gives me a particular Pleasure to find that my Administration is agreeable to you; and I think myself happy, that on my Return to his Majesty's Royal Presence, I can justly represent his People of Ireland, as most dutiful, loyal, and affectionate Subjects.

Then the Lord Chancellor, by his Grace's Command, said,

My Lords and Gentlemen,

It is his Grace the Lord Lieutenant's Will and Pleasure, that this Parliament be prorogued to Tuesday the Fourth Day of June, to be then here held: And this Parliament is accordingly prorogued to the Fourth Day of June next.

To his Grace Lionel Duke of Dorset, Lord Lieutenant General and General Governor of Ireland.

The humble Address of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal in Parliament assembled.

May it please your Grace,

WE the Lords Spiritual and Temporal in Parliament assembled, lay hold of this Opportunity, before the Conclusion of the Session, to express our sincere Thanks for the many good Bills which have, by your Grace's Influence, been procured, to the great Benefit and Advantage of this Kingdom. And at the same Time, we cannot, without Ingratitude, be unmindful of the universal Happiness which this Nation has enjoyed during the whole Course of your Grace's Administration.

We beg Leave to acknowledge the grateful Sense we bear in our Minds, of the Confidence your Grace has repos'd in our University, and of the many Instances you have given of that hereditary Virtue by which your Ancestors have been so eminently distinguished for their generous Encouragement of useful Learning and polite Literature.

The Splendor and great Dignity with which your Grace has supported the Government of this Kingdom, do likewise demand our just Acknowledgements. And as it is our Interest, so it is our Inclination, which urges us to hope that his Majesty's Subjects, whose Welfare and Prosperity his Majesty hath always esteemed his greatest Happiness, may long continue to reap the Benefits of so wise and prudent an Administration.

The Zeal with which this Kingdom has always distinguished it self for the Protestant Succession in the illustrious House of Hanover, cannot but be acceptable to a Person of your Grace's known Affection for his Majesty's Service and Government. We therefore depend upon your Grace's Goodness for representing us to his Majesty as most dutiful Subjects to the best of Kings.

To which Address his Grace was pleased to give this Answer, viz.

My Lords,

THE best Return I can make for this very obliging Address, will be to represent truly to his Majesty, your Duty and Affection to his sacred Person and Government.

The kind Manner in which you express your Sense of my Endeavours for the Service of the Kingdom, gives me the greater Pleasure, as I am confident that whatever may promote the Welfare of Ireland, cannot be more agreeable to your Lordships, than it will be to his Majesty.

To his Grace Lionel Duke of Dorset, Lord Lieutenant General and General Governor of Ireland.

The humble Address of the Knights, Citizens, and Burgesses in Parliament assembled.

May it please your Grace,

THE Period of this Session being at Hand, the Commons would be wanting to themselves, if they did not take this publick Opportunity of assuring your Grace, that your Administration has given them the highest Satisfaction.

To do good with Readiness, and with Reluctance to hear it mentioned, are Qualities usually found in the same Person; it would therefore be tedious to your Grace, were we to enumerate the many Instances of your tender Care and Regard for the Welfare of this Nation; however, it must not be passed over in Silence, that though this Session has been drawn into an unexpected Length, yet you have

have thought no Time long, that was necessary for the obtaining such Laws, as might strengthen the Protestant Interest, and promote the Prosperity and Happiness of this Kingdom.

When your Grace was first nominated to this Government, we prefaged, from your known Truth and Honour, and your great Abilities for filling that Station, all those good Effects which we have since experienced: And when a People feel themselves thus happy under a Governour, whose Fidelity to the Interests and Prerogative of the Crown has been made perfectly to consist with the Liberty of the Subject, who has been just and humane in the Exercise of Power, and who has supported the Dignity of his Character with uncommon Magnificence, it is but natural for them to wish for the Continuance of so much Felicity, and it would be the highest Ingratitude in us, should we neglect to acknowledge his Majesty's Wisdom and Goodness, in sending such a Governour to preside over us.

Since your Grace is preparing to return into the Royal Presence, what we have now most humbly to request is, that you will be pleased to represent to our most gracious Sovereign, the Duty and Affection of the Commons of Ireland in such a Light, as may assure to us the Continuance of his Majesty's Royal Favour, Confidence, and Protection.

To which his Grace was pleased to return the Answer following.

My Endeavours for the Service of the Kingdom are very agreeably rewarded by this obliging Address; it is the greatest Honour to you, and Satisfaction to me, that my Perseverance in my Duty to his Majesty, and my Regard to the Interests of the Publick, are the surest Means to preserve your Esteem.

Hague, May 14, N. S. The States of Holland are still assembled, and will not separate till the latter End of next Week. Their Royal and Serene Highnesses the Prince and Princess of Orange having sailed from Amsterdam on Saturday last about Eight a-Clock in the Evening, arrived the next Morning at Harlingue. According to Advices from all Parts of the Rhine, the French have forced the Lines at Etlingen, the Imperialists making no Resistance; and Prince Eugene having not thought it proper to maintain the said Lines, is retired to the Camp at Hailbron, where his Highness expects the Troops of Hanover, Prussia, Denmark, and the other Contingents of the Empire. On the other Hand, the Imperialists in Italy passed the Po the 2d Instant in the Night, according to the Advices received here this Day.

Dublin-Castle, May 3.

The 1st Instant his Grace the Duke of Dorset, Lord Lieutenant of this Kingdom, embarked for England; upon which Occasion the Foot Forces on Duty here lined the Streets, and his Grace was attended by the Dragoon Forces likewise on Duty, together with the Battle-Ax Guards, and Officers of State, to the Water Side; to which Place his Grace was accompanied by a great Number of the Nobility and other Persons of Distinction: And this Day his Grace the Lord Primate, the Lord Chancellor, and the Speaker of the House of Commons, were sworn in Council as Lords Justices of this Kingdom.

Whitehall, May 7.

His Majesty has been pleased to appoint Sir James Campbell, Bart. to be Commissary of the Musters of all his Majesty's Forces both Horse and Foot, now raised or to be raised and maintain'd in his Majesty's Pay and Service in North Britain; in the Room of Henry Cunningham, Esq;

Members chosen for the ensuing Parliament.

Tarmouth, The Hon. William Townshend, the Hon. Edward Walpole, Esqrs.

Kingston, Cotton Simonds, Esq; *Hull,* George Crowle, Henry Maisters, Esqrs.

Shrewsbury, Robert Thornton, Esq; Sir Richard Corbett, Bart.

Bridgenorth, Thomas Whitmore, Gray James Grove, Esq;

Staffordshire, The Hon. William Levison Gore, Esq; Sir Walter Wagstaff Bagot.

Berwick, George Liddell, Esq; Hugh Hume Campbell, commonly called Lord Polworth.

Newton in Lancashire, Leigh Master, William Shippin, Esqrs.

Hereford, Thomas Foley, Jun. Esq; Sir John Morgan.

Monmouthshire, Coll. Thomas Morgan, Major John Hanbury.

New Radnor, Thomas Lewis, Esq;

Worcester, Samuel Sandys, Richard Lockwood, Esqrs.

Camelford, Sir Thomas Littleton, Bart. Coll. James Cholmondley.

Shaftesbury, Jacob Banks, Stephen Fox, Esqrs.

Beeralston, Sir Francis Henry Drake.

Salisbury, Lord Glenorchy, Thomas Corbett, Esq;

Oakhampton, William Northmore, Thomas Pitt, Esqrs.

Ashburton, Sir William Yonge, Roger Tuckfield, Esq;

Helsion, John Evelin, John Harris, Esqrs.

Melcomb Regis, The Hon. George Dodington, George Dodington, Esqrs.

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